

In many ways oil filters are regarded as being low-tech items that, apart from minor differences in appearance, are all very nearly the same. It may come as a surprise that nothing could be further from the truth. Today's oil filter, whether it is a spin-on or cartridge type, possesses components which are specifically designed and engineered for individual applications. Today's filter also offers significantly improved overall performance when compared to products made just a few years ago.

As a company who produces filtration products, we are constantly testing our filters to confirm that they meet stringent standards. Laboratory testing and analysis give us measurable facts about the performance of our filters and competing products. This insures that we have the information necessary to make a filter that functions as needed by the system for which it is intended.

A couple of the key performance indicators are capacity and efficiency. Capacity is the measured maximum amount of contaminants that the filter assembly can hold while maintaining an acceptable resistance to flow. Efficiency ratings indicate how well, and in some cases, what percentage of a given particle size the filter can capture. It is important to note that while these two indicators are very valuable, they are only part of our overall approach to performance analysis. Constant testing enables us to continually benchmark our product's performance. As a result, people who use our products do not have to modify the service intervals that are recommended by the engine manufacturer.

Information



Maintenance interval recommendations are typically made by the manufacturers of engines so that consumers and service providers have guidelines as to when the engine should be serviced. These standards are often derived from both laboratory and field testing. In the case of engine oil and filter service intervals, factors such as driving habits, type and quality of fuel, and the environment in which the engine will be used, have a substantial influence on the recommended length of time between oil and filter changes.

For this reason, many engine manufacturers factor these considerations into the overall equation by using delineations such "regular" and "severe" when describing use. It would no doubt surprise many motorists to discover that they themselves were utilizing their personal vehicle in what many engine makers would categorize as "severe use". Stop and go driving, frequent short trips, and towing are just some of the factors most manufacturers deem as being severe.

There is a growing interest in extending the intervals between servicing the engine oil and filter. While there are potential advantages, it is important to carefully weigh the costs and benefits of adopting maintenance practices that make use of extended service intervals. Chief among the considerations is confirmation that the correct oil is being used and that there is a practical means of sampling and testing the used engine oil for its condition. This is a necessary means of monitoring the system and insuring that is being properly maintained.

Our filters are made to exacting standards resulting in a product that can be used in accordance with the engine manufacturers service intervals and offer uncompromising protection for the applications for which they are recommended. For more information visit The Filter Manufacturers Council at www.filtercouncil.org.

You

Can

Use